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about 4.9 feet (1.5 m) long, which is about one-fifth of the whole length of the intestinal canal.^{22.11A: Anatomy of the Large Intestine - Medicine LibreTexts}The large intestine is held in place and attached to the abdominal wall by a sac-like structure called the mesentery. The mesentery also supplies the large intestine with blood from the superior and inferior mesenteric arteries. Histology. Like the rest of the digestive system, the large intestine is comprised of four layers.^{Large Intestine - Location, Anatomy, Diagram, Structure ...}The large intestine, also known as the large bowel, is the last part of the gastrointestinal tract and of the digestive system in vertebrates. Water is absorbed here and the remaining waste material is stored as feces before being removed by defecation. The colon is the largest portion of the large intestine, so many mentions of the large intestine and colon overlap in meaning whenever precision is not the focus. Most sources define the large intestine as the combination of the cecum, colon, rectum, and anal canal.^{Large intestine - Wikipedia}The large intestine also known

as the colon, extends from the distal end of the ileum to the anus, a distance of approximately 1.5 m in adults (5 ft) long, making up one-fifth of the length of the gastrointestinal (GI) tract and 6.5 cm (2.5 in.) in diameter. The large intestine is named for its relatively large diameter, not its length.^{Large Intestine Anatomy, Function, Location, Length and ...}^{Large Intestine Structure and Anatomy.} The large intestine starts from the ileocecal sphincter present at the end of the ileum. It then forms an inclined T which runs both superiorly and inferiorly. The superior part gives rise to the ascending colon while the inferior branch meets a dead-end. This small pouch-like structure is known as the caecum.^{...Large Intestine - Function, Parts, Length, Anatomy and FAQs}The large intestine is the terminal part of the alimentary canal. The primary function of this organ is to finish absorption of nutrients and water, synthesize certain vitamins, form feces, and eliminate feces from the body. ^{Structure.} The large intestine runs from the appendix to the anus. It frames the small intestine on three

sides.^{The Small and Large Intestines | Anatomy and Physiology II}The colon (large intestine) is the distal part of the gastrointestinal tract, extending from the cecum to the anal canal. It receives digested food from the small intestine, from which it absorbs water and electrolytes to form faeces. Anatomically, the colon can be divided into four parts – ascending, transverse, descending and sigmoid.^{Ascending - TeachMeAnatomy - Making Anatomy Simple}^{Anatomy of the large intestine} The large intestine is approximately 1.5m long and comprises the caecum, colon, rectum, anal canal and anus (Fig 1). The structure of the large intestine is very similar to that of the small intestine (see part 4), except that its mucosa is completely devoid of villi.^{Gastrointestinal tract 5: the anatomy and functions of the ...}The intestine forms a major part of the digestive tract in humans. The large intestine starts with the cecum and ends with the sigmoid colon. The intestine is that portion of the digestive tract, that runs between the stomach and the anus. It is divided into two parts –

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