

# Control Flow Graph Based Framework For Effective

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## KEMP YOUNG

*Computer Safety, Reliability, and Security* Springer

This book constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 21st International Conference on Theorem Proving in Higher Order Logics, TPHOLs 2008, held in Montreal, Canada, in August 2008. The 17 revised full papers presented together with 1 proof pearl (concise and elegant presentations of interesting examples), 5 tool presentations, and 2 invited papers were carefully reviewed and selected from 40 submissions. The papers cover all aspects of theorem proving in higher order logics as well as related topics in theorem proving and verification such as formal semantics of specification, modeling, and programming languages, specification and verification of hardware and software, formalisation of mathematical theories, advances in theorem prover technology, as well as industrial application of theorem provers.

*Robust Graph-Based Static Code Analysis* Springer

The book *Intelligent Systems and Applications - Proceedings of the 2020 Intelligent Systems Conference* is a remarkable collection of chapters covering a wider range of topics in areas of intelligent systems and artificial intelligence and their applications to the real world. The Conference attracted a total of 545 submissions from many academic pioneering researchers, scientists, industrial engineers, students from all around the world. These submissions underwent a double-blind peer review process. Of those 545 submissions, 177 submissions have been selected to be included in these proceedings. As intelligent systems continue to replace and sometimes outperform human intelligence in decision-making processes, they have enabled a larger number of problems to be tackled more effectively. This branching out of computational intelligence in several directions and use of intelligent systems in everyday applications have created the need for such an international conference which serves as a venue to report on up-to-the-minute innovations and developments. This book collects both theory and application based chapters on all aspects of artificial intelligence, from classical to intelligent scope. We hope that readers find the volume interesting and valuable; it provides the state of the art intelligent methods and techniques for solving real world problems along with a vision of the future research.

*Static Analysis* Springer

Ralf Karrenberg presents Whole-Function Vectorization (WFV), an approach that allows a compiler to automatically create code that exploits data-parallelism using SIMD instructions. Data-parallel applications such as particle simulations, stock option price estimation or video decoding require the same computations to

be performed on huge amounts of data. Without WFV, one processor core executes a single instance of a data-parallel function. WFV transforms the function to execute multiple instances at once using SIMD instructions. The author describes an advanced WFV algorithm that includes a variety of analyses and code generation techniques. He shows that this approach improves the performance of the generated code in a variety of use cases.

*Tools and Algorithms for the Construction and Analysis of Systems* IGI Global

This book constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 13th International Symposium on Static Analysis, SAS 2006. The book presents 23 revised full papers together with the abstracts of 3 invited talks. The papers address all aspects of static analysis including program and systems verification, shape analysis and logic, termination analysis, bug detection, compiler optimization, software maintenance, security and safety, abstract interpretation and algorithms, abstract domain and data structures and more.

*Advances in Distributed Computing and Machine Learning* Springer Nature

The 23 papers presented together with 4 invited papers 2 system and tool presentations and 1 tutorial lecture were carefully reviewed and selected from 95 initial submissions. The papers are devoted to both foundational and practical issues in programming languages and systems and feature current research in the following areas: semantics, logics, foundational theory, design of languages and foundational calculi, type systems, compilers, interpreters, abstract machines, program derivation, analysis, transformation, software security, safety, verification, concurrency, constraints, domain-specific languages, as well as tools for programming, verification, and implementation.

*Green, Pervasive, and Cloud Computing* Springer

The 3-volume set CCIS 1252 until CCIS 1254 constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 6th International Conference on Artificial Intelligence and Security, ICAIS 2020, which was held in Hohhot, China, in July 2020. The conference was formerly called "International Conference on Cloud Computing and Security" with the acronym ICCCS. The total of 178 full papers and 8 short papers presented in this 3-volume proceedings was carefully reviewed and selected from 1064 submissions. The papers were organized in topical sections as follows: Part I: artificial intelligence; Part II: artificial intelligence; Internet of things; information security; Part III: information security; big data and cloud computing; information processing.

*Graph-Based Representations in Pattern Recognition* Artech House

This book constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 20th International Conference on Formal Engineering Methods, ICFEM

2018, held in Gold Coast, QLD, Australia, in November 2018. The 22 revised full papers presented together with 14 short papers were carefully reviewed and selected from 66 submissions. The conference focuses on all areas related to formal engineering methods, such as verification; network systems; type theory; theorem proving; logic and semantics; refinement and transition systems; and emerging applications of formal methods.

*Logic Programming* Springer Science & Business Media

*Software Engineering for Science* provides an in-depth collection of peer-reviewed chapters that describe experiences with applying software engineering practices to the development of scientific software. It provides a better understanding of how software engineering is and should be practiced, and which software engineering practices are effective for scientific software. The book starts with a detailed overview of the Scientific Software Lifecycle, and a general overview of the scientific software development process. It highlights key issues commonly arising during scientific software development, as well as solutions to these problems. The second part of the book provides examples of the use of testing in scientific software development, including key issues and challenges. The chapters then describe solutions and case studies aimed at applying testing to scientific software development efforts. The final part of the book provides examples of applying software engineering techniques to scientific software, including not only computational modeling, but also software for data management and analysis. The authors describe their experiences and lessons learned from developing complex scientific software in different domains. About the Editors Jeffrey Carver is an Associate Professor in the Department of Computer Science at the University of Alabama. He is one of the primary organizers of the workshop series on Software Engineering for Science (<http://www.SE4Science.org/workshops>). Neil P. Chue Hong is Director of the Software Sustainability Institute at the University of Edinburgh. His research interests include barriers and incentives in research software ecosystems and the role of software as a research object. George K. Thiruvathukal is Professor of Computer Science at Loyola University Chicago and Visiting Faculty at Argonne National Laboratory. His current research is focused on software metrics in open source mathematical and scientific software.

*Applied Parallel and Scientific Computing* Springer Nature

The two volume set LNCS 7133 and LNCS 7134 constitutes the thoroughly refereed post-conference proceedings of the 10th International Conference on Applied Parallel and Scientific Computing, PARA 2010, held in Reykjavik, Iceland, in June 2010. These volumes contain three keynote lectures, 29 revised papers and 45 minisymposia presentations arranged on the following topics: cloud computing, HPC algorithms, HPC programming tools,

HPC in meteorology, parallel numerical algorithms, parallel computing in physics, scientific computing tools, HPC software engineering, simulations of atomic scale systems, tools and environments for accelerator based computational biomedicine, GPU computing, high performance computing interval methods, real-time access and processing of large data sets, linear algebra algorithms and software for multicore and hybrid architectures in honor of Fred Gustavson on his 75th birthday, memory and multicore issues in scientific computing - theory and praxis, multicore algorithms and implementations for application problems, fast PDE solvers and a posteriori error estimates, and scalable tools for high performance computing.

**Compiler Construction** Springer Science & Business Media

This book features high-quality research papers presented at the International Conference on Applications and Techniques in Cyber Security and Digital Forensics (ICCSDF 2021), held at The NorthCap University, Gurugram, Haryana, India, during April 3-4, 2021. This book discusses the topics ranging from information security to cryptography, mobile application attacks to digital forensics, and from cyber security to blockchain. The goal of the book is to provide 360-degree view of cybersecurity to the readers which include cyber security issues, threats, vulnerabilities, novel idea, latest technique and technology, and mitigation of threats and attacks along with demonstration of practical applications. This book also highlights the latest development, challenges, methodologies as well as other emerging areas in this field. It brings current understanding of common Web vulnerabilities while maintaining awareness and knowledge of contemporary standards, practices, procedures, and methods of Open Web Application Security Project. It also expounds how to recover information after a cybercrime.

**ISSE 2015** Springer

Bachelor Thesis from the year 2019 in the subject Computer Science - IT-Security, grade: 1,0, Technical University of Munich (Fakultät für Informatik), language: English, abstract: The topic of this thesis is to develop a graph-based static analysis framework for Java code that tolerates incomplete or non-compiling source code. For this purpose, the concept of Code Property Graphs (CPGs) is to be researched and extended, in order to provide information about more complex erroneous patterns in Java source code. Additionally, an evaluation of the resulting graph model is to be performed, by searching for cryptographic vulnerabilities in publicly available Java projects. This evaluation needs to show, whether this graph-based analysis approach is capable of finding security issues in Java code, and how feasible the analysis is from a performance point of view. Automatic code analysis is a widely used technique to find and eliminate errors in software projects. Instead of executing the program and verify that its behavior is correct, as dynamic analysis does it, static analysis is applied on its source code. Here, we search for suspicious patterns that are likely to indicate erroneous behavior. A special type of software bugs are those errors, that lead to security vulnerabilities. In this case, attackers may be able to undermine fundamental security aspects, by exfiltrating sensitive user data from server applications or assume control over the machine running the program in question. Security vulnerabilities in the code can have drastic consequences, which is why it is important to identify them as fast as possible and fix them immediately afterwards. This thesis extends the concept of Code Property Graphs (CPGs), which has been proposed for static analysis of C/C++ code, to be applied on programs and incomplete code snippets written in Java. Unifying Abstract Syntax Trees (ASTs), Control Flow Graphs (CFGs) and Data Flow Graphs (DFGs) in a single datastructure, this approach enables searching for vulnerabilities whose code patterns are spread out across the boundaries of single methods and classes. These patterns are identified using the graph query language cypher, which is provided by the graph database Neo4j. In an evaluation run on 100 public repositories on GitHub using cryptography, 135 findings of cryptographic API misuse have been identified using this technique. These include the use of insecure algorithms, like

the Data Encryption Standard (DES) or Electronic Code Book mode (ECB), and hardcoded passwords that are used for encryption purposes. This thesis has been created in cooperation with Fraunhofer AISEC

**Programming Languages and Systems** Springer Science & Business Media

This book constitutes the thoroughly revised selected papers from the 13th International Conference on Formal Aspects of Component Software, FACS 2016, held in Besançon, France, in October 2016. The 11 full papers presented together with one tool paper and 3 invited papers were carefully reviewed and selected from 27 submissions. FACS 2016 is concerned with how formal methods can be used to make component-based and service-oriented software development succeed. Formal methods have provided a foundation for component-based software by successfully addressing challenging issues such as mathematical models for components, composition and adaptation, or rigorous approaches to verification, deployment, testing, and certification. **Reliable Software Technologies - Ada-Europe 2008** Springer Science & Business Media

Information obtained from static software analyses is valuable to applications ranging from compiler optimizations to program understanding tools, from software validation to security. One such analysis is flow analysis. Traditionally, program flow analysis has been modeled using directed graphs called control flow graphs. Though they provide natural flow sensitivity, control flow graphs are unable to provide complete context sensitivity. This thesis describes a new representation of control flow information termed path grammars. Path grammars, being inherently both flow and context sensitive, overcome the limitations of standard control flow graphs and permit the incorporation of both intraprocedural and interprocedural analyses into a single comprehensive model. The algorithm for the generation of path grammars from an abstract syntax tree or intermediate representation is described, and numerous examples are presented. Reaching definitions, a classic data flow analysis problem, was implemented in both path grammar and control flow graph frameworks. Empirical tests with both frameworks are compared for a number of SPEC2000 benchmark programs, and numerous statistics are collected. For the benchmarks tested, a thirty fold speedup on average and approximate three fold savings in maximum memory usage was seen using path grammars, demonstrating their practicality in both time and space.

**Static Analysis** Springer

This book constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 11th IAPR-TC-15 International Workshop on Graph-Based Representation in Pattern Recognition, GbRPR 2017, held in Anacapri, Italy, in May 2017. The 25 full papers and 2 abstracts of invited papers presented in this volume were carefully reviewed and selected from 31 submissions. The papers discuss research results and applications in the intersection of pattern recognition, image analysis, graph theory, and also the application of graphs to pattern recognition problems in other fields like computational topology, graphic recognition systems and bioinformatics.

**Cyber Security and Digital Forensics** Springer

The International Conference on Compiler Construction provides a forum for presentation and discussion of recent developments in the area of compiler construction, language implementation and language design. Its scope ranges from compilation methods and tools to implementation techniques for specific requirements on languages and target architectures. It also includes language design and programming environment issues which are related to language translation. There is an emphasis on practical and efficient techniques. This volume contains the papers selected for presentation at CC '94, the fifth International Conference on Compiler Construction, held in Edinburgh, U.K., in April 1994. **Formal Methods and Software Engineering** Springer Science & Business Media

This book constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 8th

International Symposium on Engineering Secure Software and Systems, ESSoS 2016, held in London, UK, in April 2016. The 13 full papers presented together with 3 short papers and 1 invited talk were carefully reviewed and selected from 50 submissions. The goal of this symposium, is to bring together researchers and practitioners to advance the states of the art and practice in secure software engineering. The presentations and associated publications at ESSoS 2016 contribute to this goal in several directions: First, by improving methodologies for secure software engineering (such as flow analysis and policycompliance). Second, with results for the detection and analysis of software vulnerabilities and the attacks they enable. Finally, for securing software for specific application domains (such as mobile devices and access control).

**Path Grammars** CRC Press

This book constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 34th International Conference on Computer Safety, Reliability, and Security, SAFECOMP 2015, held in Delft, The Netherlands, in September 2014. The 32 revised full papers presented together with 3 invited talks were carefully reviewed and selected from 104 submissions. The papers are organized in topical sections on flight systems, automotive embedded systems, automotive software, error detection, medical safety cases, medical systems, architecture and testing, safety cases, security attacks, cyber security and integration, and programming and compiling.

**The Continuing Arms Race** Springer Nature

The 17th International Workshop on Languages and Compilers for High Performance Computing was hosted by Purdue University in September 2004 on Purdue campus in West Lafayette, Indiana, USA.

**Parallel Processing and Applied Mathematics** Springer

From the basics to the most advanced quality of service (QoS) concepts, this all encompassing, first-of-its-kind book offers an in-depth understanding of the latest technical issues raised by the emergence of new types, classes and qualities of Internet services. The book provides end-to-end QoS guidance for real time multimedia communications over the Internet. It offers you a multiplicity of hands-on examples and simulation script support, and shows you where and when it is preferable to use these techniques for QoS support in networks and Internet traffic with widely varying characteristics and demand profiles. This practical resource discusses key standards and protocols, including real-time transport, resource reservation, and integrated and differentiated service models, policy based management, and mobile/wireless QoS. The book features numerous examples, simulation results and graphs that illustrate important concepts, and pseudo codes are used to explain algorithms. Case studies, based on freely available Linux/FreeBSD systems, are presented to show you how to build networks supporting Quality of Service. Online support material including presentation foils, lab exercises and additional exercises are available to text adopters.

**Formal Aspects of Component Software** Springer Science & Business Media

This book constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 25th International Conference on Logic Programming, ICLP 2009, held in Pasadena, CA, USA, in July 2009. The 29 revised full papers together with 9 short papers, 4 invited talks, 4 invited tutorials, and the abstracts of 18 doctoral consortium articles were carefully reviewed and selected from 69 initial submissions. The papers cover all issues of current research in logic programming, namely semantic foundations, formalisms, nonmonotonic reasoning, knowledge representation, compilation, memory management, virtual machines, parallelism, program analysis, program transformation, validation and verification, debugging, profiling, concurrency, objects, coordination, mobility, higher order, types, modes, programming techniques, abductive logic programming, answer set programming, constraint logic programming, inductive logic programming, alternative inference engines and mechanisms, deductive databases, data integration, software engineering, natural language, web tools, internet agents, artificial intelligence, bioinformatics.

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