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Basi di Dati

Essays Dedicated to Yaacov Choueka on the Occasion of His 75 Birthday, Part III

10th Congress of the Italian Association for Artificial Intelligence, Rome, Italy, September 10-13, 2007, Proceedings

Statistical Design of "Continuous" Product Innovation

25th Conference on Current Trends in Theory and Practice of Informatics, Jasna, Slovakia, November 21-27, 1998 Proceedings

Manuale di esercizi per la progettazione concettuale

A Comprehensive Guide Through the Italian Database Research Over the Last 25 Years

Proceedings of the 1st TIR-FOR Symposium : from territory studies to digital cartography

17th International Conference, DEXA 2006, Krakow, Poland, September 4-8, 2006, Proceedings

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International Workshop, PPSWR 2003, Mumbai, India, December 8, 2003, Proceedings

SOFSEM 2021: Theory and Practice of Computer Science

4th International Conference, GeoS 2011, Brest, France, May 12-13, 2011, Proceedings

International Workshop, Bad Honnef, October 30 - November 3, 1978

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47th International Conference on Current Trends in Theory and Practice of Computer Science, SOFSEM 2021, Bolzano-Bozen, Italy, January 25-29, 2021, Proceedings

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Principles and Practice of Semantic Web Reasoning

Infrastructure and Design for Adaptivity and Flexibility

Statistics for Innovation

Distributed Data Bases

24th IFIP TC 11 International Information Security Conference, SEC 2009, Pafos, Cyprus, May 18-20, 2009, Proceedings

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Basi di Dati Società Editrice Esculapio

The Urban Data Management Society has organised international symposia at various locations throughout Europe since 1971, and UDMS 2013 marks its second visit to London. From its outset, UDMS has highlighted changes and trends in urban data and urban data management. However, the rate of emergence of new data and new technologies has never been as rapid as it is now. Trends including smart cities, smart phones, social media, 3D modelling, volunteered geographic information, building information modelling and the internet of things all generate information about the urban environment and the people who live there. Additionally the volume of data generated in part through such techniques has in turn resulted in research into 'big data' - how best to handle the data, analyse it, visualise it in different contexts. Thus the challenges and opportunities facing those working with these new types of urban data are manifold. Given this, the general theme for UDMS 2013 was "Recent and Emerging Trends in the Management of New Urban Data." This book contains 20 papers selected from the long papers that were submitted for UDMS 2013. Each paper was reviewed by three independent academic reviewers from around the world, both for academic quality and for clarity in communication. The book is intended to be suitable for different readers - from city planners and architects to academics, students and policy makers and those involved in urban planning.

Essays Dedicated to Yaacov Choueka on the Occasion of His 75 Birthday, Part III Springer

Temi d'esame svolti di basi di dati

10th Congress of the Italian Association for Artificial Intelligence, Rome, Italy, September 10-13, 2007, Proceedings Elsevier

Questo manuale si rivolge agli studenti di Basi di Dati dei Dipartimenti di Ingegneria Informatica e di Informatica ed ha come obiettivo quello di fornire un compendio della progettazione concettuale, logica e fisica delle basi di dati relazionali. Il manuale è corredato da una serie di 10 esercizi d'esame svolti in maniera dettagliata e ragionata, e da un caso di studio di organizzazione di agenzie stampa per la classificazione automatica di testi.

Statistical Design of "Continuous" Product Innovation Springer Science & Business Media

In recent years, our world has experienced a profound shift and progression in available computing and knowledge sharing innovations. These emerging advancements have developed at a rapid pace, disseminating into and affecting numerous aspects of contemporary society. This has created a pivotal need for an innovative compendium encompassing the latest trends, concepts, and issues surrounding this relevant discipline area. During the past 15 years, the Encyclopedia of Information Science and Technology has become recognized as one of the landmark sources of the latest knowledge and discoveries in this discipline. The Encyclopedia of Information Science and Technology, Fourth Edition is a 10-volume set which includes 705 original and previously unpublished research articles covering a full range of perspectives, applications, and techniques contributed by thousands of experts and researchers from around the globe. This authoritative encyclopedia is an all-encompassing, well-established reference source that is ideally designed to disseminate the most forward-thinking and diverse research findings. With critical perspectives on the impact of information science management and new technologies in modern settings, including but not limited to computer science, education, healthcare, government, engineering, business, and natural and physical sciences, it is a pivotal and relevant source of knowledge that will benefit every professional within the field of information science and technology and is an invaluable addition to every academic and corporate library.

25th Conference on Current Trends in Theory and Practice of Informatics, Jasna, Slovakia, November 21-27, 1998 Proceedings Springer

Database and Expert Systems Applications Proceedings of the International Conference in Berlin,

Federal Republic of Germany, 1991 Springer Science & Business Media

Manuale di esercizi per la progettazione concettuale Springer

This book constitutes the proceedings of the 25th Seminar on Current Trends in Theory and Practice of Informatics, SOFSEM'98, held in Jasna, Slovakia, in November 1998. The volume presents 19 invited survey articles by internationally well-known authorities together with 18 revised full research papers carefully reviewed and selected for inclusion in the book. The areas covered include history of models of computation, algorithms, formal methods, practical aspects of software engineering, database systems, parallel and distributed systems, electronic commerce, and electronic documents and digital libraries.

A Comprehensive Guide Through the Italian Database Research Over the Last 25 Years Springer Nature

The problem of integrating multiple information sources into a unified data store is currently one of the most important challenges in data management. Within the field of source integration, the problem of automatically generating an integrated description of the data sources is surely one of the most relevant. The significance of the issue can be best understood if one considers the huge number of information sources that an organization has to integrate. Indeed, it is even impossible to try to do all the work by hand. Like other important issues in data management, the problem of integrating multiple data sources into a unique global system has several facets, each of which represents, "per se", an interesting research problem, and comprises, for instance, that of recognizing, at the intensional level, similarities and dissimilarities among scheme objects, that of resolving representation mismatches among schemes, and that of deciding how to obtain an integrated data store out of a set of input sources and of a semantic description of their contents. The research and application relevance of such issues has attracted wide interest in the database community in recent years. And, as a consequence, several techniques have been presented in the literature attacking one side or another of this complex and multifarious problem.

Proceedings of the 1st TIR-FOR Symposium : from territory studies to digital cartography Springer Science & Business Media

4. 1. 1 Importance of Computer Simulation The importance of experimenting for quality improvement and innovation of products and processes is now very well known: "experimenting" means to implement significant and intentional changes with the aim of obtaining useful information. In particular, the majority of industrial experiments have two goals: • To quantify the dependence of one or more observable response variables on a group of input factors in the design or the manufacturing of a product, in order to forecast the behavior of the system in a reliable way. • To identify the level settings for the inputs (design parameters) that are capable of optimizing the response. The set of rules that govern experiments for technological improvement in a physical set-up are now comprehensively labeled "DoE." In recent years, the use of experimentation in engineering design has received renewed momentum through the utilization of computer experiments (see Sacks et al. 1989, Santner et al. 2003), which has been steadily growing in the last two decades. These experiments are run on a computer code implementing a simulation model of a physical system of interest. This enables us to explore the complex relationships between input and output variables. The main advantage of this is that the system becomes more "observable," since computer runs are generally easier and cheaper than measurements taken in a physical set-up, and the exploration can be carried out more thoroughly. This is particularly attractive in industrial design applications where the goal is system optimization. **4. 1.**

17th International Conference, DEXA 2006, Krakow, Poland, September 4-8, 2006, Proceedings Maggioli Editore

Intelligent systems are required to enhance the capacities being made available to us by the internet and other computer based technologies. The theory necessary to help providing solutions to difficult problems in the construction of intelligent systems are discussed. In particular, attention is paid to situations in which the available information and data may be imprecise, uncertain,

incomplete or of a linguistic nature. Various methodologies to manage such information are discussed. Among these are the probabilistic, possibilistic, fuzzy, logical, evidential and network-based frameworks. One purpose of the book is not to consider these methodologies separately, but rather to consider how they can be used cooperatively to better represent the multiplicity of modes of information. Topics in the book include representation of imperfect knowledge, fundamental issues in uncertainty, reasoning, information retrieval, learning and mining, as well as various applications. Key Features: • Tools for construction of intelligent systems • Contributions by world leading experts • Fundamental issues and applications • New technologies for web searching • Methods for modeling uncertain information • Future directions in web technologies • Transversal to methods and domains

SQL. Il linguaggio per le basi di dati. Con CD-ROM Springer Science & Business Media

This book contains the invited and contributed papers selected for presentation at SOFSEM 2021, the 47th International Conference on Current Trends in Theory and Practice of Computer Science, which was held online during January 25–28, 2021, hosted by the Free University of Bozen-Bolzano, Italy. The 33 full and 7 short papers included in the volume were carefully reviewed and selected from 100 submissions. They were organized in topical sections on: foundations of computer science; foundations of software engineering; foundations of data science and engineering; and foundations of algorithmic computational biology. The book also contains 5 invited papers.

Interdisciplinary Digital Preservation Tools and Technologies Springer

Euro-Librarianship focuses on strategies for working toward cooperation between libraries throughout Europe and the United States to provide the best access and information to research materials as possible. Chapters by several authors in their original languages (with English abstracts) give this book a unique international appeal. Common difficulties such as fiscal constraints and rising book and serial prices are discussed. Stressing enhanced communication and shared responsibilities, this new volume helps bring libraries of all countries closer to the resource sharing capabilities that allow scholars and researchers much wider access to information than is available today. In this timely new book, many of the papers that were presented at the Second Western European Specialists (WESS) International Conference are brought together to be read and studied by everyone.

Semi-Automatic Approaches and Tools CRC Press

The Semantic Web is a major endeavor aimed at enriching the existing Web with metadata and processing methods so as to provide Web-based systems with advanced (so-called intelligent) capabilities, in particular with context-awareness and decision support. The advanced capabilities striven for in most Semantic Web applications primarily call for reasoning. Reasoning capabilities are offered by existing Semantic Web languages, such as BPEL4WS, BPML, ConsVISO, DAML-S, JTP, TRIPLE, and others. These languages, however, were developed mostly from functionality-centered (e.g., ontology reasoning or access validation) or application-centered (e.g., Web service retrieval and composition) perspectives. A perspective centered on the reasoning techniques (e.g., forward or backward chaining, tableau-like methods, constraint reasoning, etc.) complementing the above-mentioned activities appears desirable for Semantic Web systems and applications. The workshop on "Principles and Practice of Semantic Web Reasoning," which took place on December 8, 2003, in Mumbai, India, was the first of a series of scientific meetings devoted to such a perspective. Just as the current Web is inherently heterogeneous in data formats and data semantics, the Semantic Web will be inherently heterogeneous in its reasoning forms. Indeed, any single form of reasoning turns out to be unrealistic in the Semantic Web. For example, ontology reasoning in general relies on monotonic negation (for the metadata often can be fully specified), while databases, Web databases, and Web-based information systems call for non-monotonic reasoning (for one would not specify non-existing trains in a railway timetable); constraint reasoning is needed when dealing with time (for time intervals have to be dealt with), while (forward and/or backward) chaining is the reasoning of choice when coping with database-like views (for views, i.e., virtual data, can be derived from actual data using operations such as join and projections)

Euro-Librarianship CUP Archive

This book offers readers a comprehensive guide to the evolution of the database field from its earliest stages up to the present—and from classical relational database management systems to the current Big Data metaphor. In particular, it gathers the most significant research from the Italian database community that had relevant intersections with international projects. Big Data technology is currently dominating both the market and research. The book provides readers with a broad overview of key research efforts in modelling, querying and analysing data, which, over the last few decades, have become massive and heterogeneous areas.

Modern Trends and Applications Walter de Gruyter

This book constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 17th International Conference on Database and Expert Systems Applications, DEXA 2006. The book presents 90 revised full papers together with 1 invited paper. The papers are organized in topical sections on XML, data and information, data mining and data warehouses, database applications, WWW, bioinformatics, process automation and workflow, knowledge management and expert systems, database theory, query processing, and privacy and security.

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1979-1990 Società Editrice Esculapio

MIE 96 is the main medical informatics and telematics event in 1996. MIE 96 is the place where users meet industry, where decision makers are presented with the available informatics and telematics solutions to major challenges in modern medicine and its delivery. An awareness is raising within the healthcare sector of the huge potential in applying IT-based solutions as means for quality assurance and cost-containment.

Language, Culture, Computation: Computing - Theory and Technology Springer

Il processo di internazionalizzazione della ricerca negli ultimi anni ha subito una rapida accelerazione ed ha comportato una serie di innovazioni. Il volume fornisce una serie di indicazioni e strumenti, per facilitare l'acquisizione di una certa dimestichezza con tali processi: come partecipare a congressi rispondendo a call for paper, come pubblicare su riviste straniere, come trascorrere un periodo di studio all'estero e via dicendo. Il libro raccoglie 15 saggi brevi, chiari, concreti e critici al contempo, opera di studiosi già noti e altri più giovani, tutti esperti dell'argomento (G.Bandini, A.Barausse, P.Bianchini, M.Brunelli A.Cagnolati, L.Cappelli, D.Caroli, D.De Salvo, A.Debè, J.L.Hernández Huerta, F.Loparco, J.Meda, E.Patrizi, S.Polenghi, F.Pruneri).

Software Development Techniques for Constructive Information Systems Design IGI Global

This Festschrift volume is published in Honor of Yaacov Choueka on the occasion of his 75th birthday. The present three-volumes liber amicorum, several years in gestation, honours this outstanding Israeli computer scientist and is dedicated to him and to his scientific endeavours. Yaacov's research has had a major impact not only within the walls of academia, but also in the daily life of lay users of such technology that originated from his research. An especially amazing aspect of the temporal span of his scholarly work is that half a century after his influential research from the early 1960s, a project in which he is currently involved is proving to be a sensation, as will become apparent from what follows. Yaacov Choueka began his research career in the theory of computer science, dealing with basic questions regarding the relation between mathematical logic and automata theory. From formal languages, Yaacov moved to natural languages. He was a founder of natural-language processing in Israel, developing numerous tools for Hebrew. He is best known for his primary role, together with Aviezri Fraenkel, in the development of the Responsa Project, one of the earliest fulltext retrieval systems in the world. More recently, he has headed the Friedberg Genizah Project, which is bringing the treasures of the Cairo Genizah into the Digital Age. This third part of the three-volume set covers a range of topics related to language, ranging from linguistics to applications of computation to language, using linguistic tools. The papers are grouped in topical sections on: natural language processing; representing the lexicon; and neologisation.

Historical Studies in Information Science EDUCatt - Ente per il diritto allo studio universitario dell'Università Cattolica

The 25 contributions to this volume, largely reprinted from recent special issues of three information science journals devoted to historical topics, address an array of topics including Paul Otlet and his successors; techniques, tools, and systems; organizations and individuals; theoretical issues; and literature. Annotation copyrighted by Book News, Inc., Portland, OR

Sistemi di basi di dati e applicazioni Springer Science & Business Media

The Database and Expert Systems Applications - DEXA - conferences are dedicated to providing an international forum for the presentation of applications in the database and expert systems field, for the exchange of ideas and experiences, and for defining requirements for the future systems in these fields. After the very promising DEXA 90 in Vienna, Austria, we hope to have successfully established with this year's DEXA 91 a stage where scientists from diverse fields interested in application-oriented research can present and discuss their work. This year there was a total of more than 250 submitted papers from 28 different countries, in all continents. Only 98 of the papers could be accepted. The collection of papers in these proceedings offers a cross-section of the issues facing the area of databases and expert systems, i.e., topics of basic research interest on one hand and questions occurring when developing applications on the other. Major credit for the success of the conference goes to all of our colleagues who submitted papers for consideration and to those who have organized and chaired the panel sessions. Many persons contributed numerous hours to organize this conference. The names of most of them will appear on the following pages. In particular we wish to thank the Organization Committee Chairmen Johann Gordesch, A Min Tjoa, and Roland Wagner, who also helped establishing the program. Special thanks also go to Gabriella Wagner and Anke Ruckert. Dimitris Karagiannis General Conference Chairman Contents Conference Committee.

International Workshop, PPSWR 2003, Mumbai, India, December 8, 2003, Proceedings

Springer Science & Business Media

Software development and information systems design have a unique relationship, but are often discussed and studied independently. However, meticulous software development is vital for the success of an information system. Software Development Techniques for Constructive Information Systems Design focuses the aspects of information systems and software development as a merging process. This reference source pays special attention to the emerging research, trends, and experiences in this area which is bound to enhance the reader's understanding of the growing and ever-adapting field. Academics, researchers, students, and working professionals in this field will benefit from this publication's unique perspective.