

Open Access Research Hypertension Prevalence Awareness

Proceedings of 4th International Conference and Expo on Ceramics & Composite Materials 2018
 Journal of Metabolic Syndrome : Volume 6
 Keto-Green 16
 An Unmet Public Health Problem
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 Diabetes and Hypertension

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LAUREN HUFFMAN

Proceedings of 4th International Conference and Expo on Ceramics & Composite Materials 2018
 Frontiers Media SA
 June 21-22, 2018 Dublin, Ireland Key topics : Health Care, Home Care Safety, Infection Prevention and Control (IPAC), Medication Safety, Surgical Care Safety, Gynecology & Obstetrics, Treatment & Safe Care, Hospital-Acquired Infections, Errors in Patient Safety, Primary Healthcare, Clinical Research, Psychiatry and Mental Health, Patient Safety & Nursing Education, Infections, Womens Health & Patient Safety, Pediatric & Geriatric Patient Safety, Trauma & Critical Care, Patient Safety Factors, Occupational Health and Safety, Nursing Care & Practice, Patient Safety, Cancer Nursing,
Journal of Metabolic Syndrome : Volume 6 Springer Nature
 Despite adults' best preventive efforts, childhood obesity is on the rise in most areas of the world, and with it the prevalence of Type 2 diabetes, hypertension, cardiovascular disease, and other formerly adult-onset conditions. Epidemiology of Obesity in Children and Adolescents takes the global ecological approach that is needed to understand the scope of the problem and its multiple causes and mechanisms, and to aid in developing more effective prevention and intervention programs. In the book's first half, experts present a descriptive summary of youth obesity trends in ten world regions, broken down by age group, gender, socioeconomic status, and risk factors. Complementing these findings, part two reviews the evidence base regarding the variables, separately and in combination, having the most significant impact on young people's development of obesity, including: • Genetic and nutrigenomic factors. • Environmental and psychosocial factors, such as family shopping and eating habits and access to healthful foods. • Neuroendocrine regulation. • Prenatal and neonatal factors (e.g., gestational diabetes of the mother). • Dietary factors, from nutrient content to young people's food preferences. • Physical activity versus sedentary behavior. Epidemiology of Obesity in Children and Adolescents is necessary reading for the range of professionals involved in curtailing this epidemic, including public health specialists, epidemiologists, pediatricians, nurses, nutritionists, psychologists, health educators, and policymakers.
Keto-Green 16 BoD - Books on Demand
 October 23-25, 2017 | Paris, France Key Topics : Epidemiology and Public Health, Epidemiology and Surveillance, Epidemiology and Antibiotic Resistance, Epidemiology and Medicine, Epidemiology and Infectious Disease, Epidemiology and Chronic Diseases, Epidemiology and Disease Outbreak, Epidemiology and Oral Health, Epidemiology and Tropical Diseases, Epidemiology and Cancers, Epidemiology and Health Care, Epidemiology and Genomic Research, Epidemiology and Biostatistics, Epidemiology and Immunology, Epidemiology and Sociology, Epidemiology and Public Health Nursing, Epidemiology and Environmental Health, Epidemiology and Anthropology, Epidemiology and zoonosis,
An Unmet Public Health Problem ConferenceSeries
 May 14-15, 2018 Rome, Italy Key Topics : Ceramics and Glasses, Advanced Ceramic Materials, Ceramics and Composites, Composite Materials, Ceramic Coatings, Advanced Materials and Technologies, Materials and Innovative Processing Ideas, Nanostructured Ceramics, Porous Ceramics, Sintering, Crystalline Materials, Ceramics Applications, Bioceramics and Medical Applications, Functional Ceramics and Inorganics, Ultra-High Temperature Ceramics, Ceramic Compounds: Ceramic Materials, Ceramics in Biology and Medicine, Ceramic Industry and Environment, Non-oxide Ceramics, Nuclear Ceramics, Sols, Gels and Organic Chemistry, Entrepreneurs Investment Meet, Ceramics Art, Bioceramics and Medical Applications
 Dietary Reference Intakes for Sodium and Potassium National Academies Press
 Hypertension remains a leading cause of disability and death worldwide. Self-monitoring of blood

pressure by patients at home is currently recommended as a valuable tool for the diagnosis and management of hypertension. Unfortunately, in clinical practice, home blood pressure monitoring is often inadequately implemented, mostly due to the use of inaccurate devices and inappropriate methodologies. Thus, the potential of the method to improve the management of hypertension and cardiovascular disease prevention has not yet been exhausted. This volume presents the available evidence on home blood pressure monitoring, discusses its strengths and limitations, and presents strategies for its optimal implementation in clinical practice. Written by distinguished international experts, it offers a complete source of information and guide for practitioners and researchers dealing with the management of hypertension.

Concepts and Applications ConferenceSeries

Arterial hypertension, coronary heart disease and heart failure are the commonest cardiovascular conditions to present in clinical practice. Over the past few years it has become increasingly clear that they are closely and causally interrelated and that their relationship can have a significant bearing on prognosis. Epidemiological studies have shown that arterial hypertension is one of the most important risk factors for developing heart failure. Only one in four patients with hypertension is adequately managed, and in 50% of cases, the hypertension has not been recognised or treated. Patients with pre-existing hypertension who go on to suffer an acute myocardial infarction have usually not previously had typical angina symptoms, the infarct territory is larger, life threatening arrhythmias are commoner and hence in-hospital mortality and long-term prognosis are markedly worse. The presence of raised blood pressure in the post-infarct phase doubles the risk of manifest heart failure. The close relationship between hypertension, coronary heart disease and heart failure makes the choice of therapeutic strategy particularly important. Agents and classes of agents that have prognostic value in all three conditions should be considered first, as synergy might result in additional benefits. In such patients, this sort of therapeutic decision-making might have further advantages. The use of these agents may prevent complications which are not yet clinically obvious (such as heart failure).

Public Health in Developing Countries European Alliance for Innovation

The prevalence of childhood overweight and obesity has increased worldwide in recent decades. Obesity in childhood is associated with a wide range of serious health complications and an increased risk of premature illness and death later in life. This book presents childhood obesity trends across multiple demographics and discusses the contributing genetic and environmental factors. It demonstrates the adverse health consequences of childhood obesity both as they relate to childhood and as they last into adulthood and presents multiple methods for obesity treatment including community and family-based intervention, pharmacotherapy, and surgical procedures.
Epidemiology of Obesity in Children and Adolescents Elsevier Health Sciences

The world is living dangerously - either because it has little choice or because it is making the wrong choices -- Dr Gro Harlem Brundtland WHO Director-General

The Future of the Public's Health in the 21st Century Elsevier

Public health entails the use of models, technologies, experience and evidence derived through consumer participation, translational research and population sciences to protect and improve the health of the population. Enhancing public health is of significant importance to the development of a nation, particularly for developing countries where the health care system is underdeveloped, fragile or vulnerable. This book examines progress and challenges with regards to public health in developing countries in two parts: Part 1 "General and Crosscutting Issues in Public Health and Case Studies" and Part 2 "Country-Specific Issues in Public Health." For example, assuring equity for marginalized indigenous groups and other key populations entails the application of transdisciplinary interventions including legislation, advocacy, financing, empowerment and de-stigmatization. The diverse structural, political, economic, technological, geographical and social landscape of developing countries translates to unique public health challenges, infrastructure and

implementation trajectories in addressing issues such as vector-borne diseases and intimate partner violence. This volume will be of interest to researchers, health ministry policy makers, public health professionals and non-governmental organizations whose work entails collaborations with public health systems of developing nations and regions.

Childhood Obesity World Health Organization

Does Military Service Modify the Relationship between Race/Ethnicity and Diabetes and Hypertension Prevalence and Control? National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2007-2014 **BACKGROUND:** Studies on the effects of military service on the long-term health of veterans have produced mixed results. One factor explaining these differences in the health outcomes among veterans is race and ethnicity. Like racial and ethnic minorities in the general population, minority veterans experience worse health outcomes than do White veterans. However, unlike their civilian counterparts, minority service members receive a number of positive benefits from serving in the U.S. Armed Forces that disadvantaged racial and ethnic minorities do not experience. These include equal access to health care, economic, educational benefits and a culture of meritocracy. No detailed study has examined whether minority veterans have better health outcomes than do minorities in the general public. **PURPOSE:** This study has two objectives. One is to determine if having served in the U.S. Armed Services affects the prevalence and control of hypertension and diabetes. The second objective will be to determine if military service modifies the relationship between race and ethnicity and hypertension and diabetes. **METHODS:** Data from the 2007-2014 National Health and Nutrition Examination Surveys enabled identification of 2,386 veterans and 9,586 non-veterans for this study. Differences in hypertension and diabetes prevalence and control between veterans and non-veterans were compared using adjusted logistical analysis. Multivariate logistic regression and models were used to adjust for age and then selected socio-demographic factors to assess whether military health service was associated with lower levels of diabetes and hypertension. **RESULTS:** Veteran men were older than non-veteran men (59.6 years vs 40.4 years) and were more likely to be non-Hispanic White. Adjustments for age, and then age and socio-demographic factors, revealed no difference in the prevalence of diabetes or hypertension between veterans and non-veterans. African American veterans and non-veterans had a statistically significant higher likelihood of both diabetes and hypertension than did their White counterparts. Using logistical regression models to determine if there was an interaction between veteran status and race/ethnicity on the outcomes of interest, we found no evidence that military service modifies the effects of race/ethnicity on either hypertension or diabetes prevalence or control. **CONCLUSION:** This study found that military service does not modify the effects of race/ethnicity on either hypertension or diabetes. It also found that African American males had a higher prevalence of hypertension than do White males, and that African American, Hispanic, and the other/multiracial group non-veteran males had a higher prevalence of diabetes than do White non-veteran males.

Proceedings of 6th International Conference on Epidemiology & Public Health 2017 CRC Press

June 25-26, 2018 Berlin, Germany **Key Topics :** Molecular Pathology, Hematology, Laboratory Management, Cytogenetics, Clinical Microbiology, Diagnostic Laboratory Medicine, Microscopy, Transfusion Pathology and Medicine, Pediatric Laboratory Medicine, Clinical Pathology, Antibiotics in Laboratory Medicine, Clinical Applications of Molecular Biology, Laboratory Toxicology, Automation in Laboratory Analysis, Quantitative Techniques, Blotting Techniques, Tissue Engineering, Animal Biotechnology,

A Race Against Time ConferenceSeries

Open Access Data is emerging as a source for cutting edge scholarship. This concise book provides guidance from generating a research idea to publishing results. Both young researchers and well-established scholars can use this book to upgrade their skills with respect to emerging data sources, analysis, and even post-publishing promotion. At the end of each chapter, a tutorial simulates a real example, allowing readers to apply what they learned about accessing open data, and analyzing this data to reach the results. This book can be of use by established researchers analyzing data, publishing, and actively promoting ongoing and research. **Key selling features:** Describes the steps, from A-Z, for doing open data research Includes interactive tutorials following each chapter Provides guidelines for readers so that they can use their own accessed open data Reviews recent software and websites promoting and enabling open data research Supplements websites which update recent open data sources

Springer

Nutrition Research: Concepts and Applications, Second Edition assists students in developing the skills necessary to become knowledgeable consumers of research, conduct and document research projects, and using research findings in the classroom and in supervised practice. The Second Edition makes research articles approachable and understandable so students can feel confident reading and interpreting not just primary research, but also narrative and systematic reviews. In turn, this text also helps students understand and access practice guidelines to enable their participation in evidence-based nutrition and dietetics practice. **Nutrition Research, Second Edition** provides numerous examples of concepts, ample practice opportunities using questions tied to actual studies, and occasions for step-by-step mastery of concepts. This valuable text starts with the basics and is comprehensive in its approach, making it ideal for undergraduate students as well as graduate students.

Journal of Material Sciences : Volume 6 National Academies Press

Chesley's **Hypertensive Disorders in Pregnancy** continues its tradition as one of the beacons to guide the field of preeclampsia research, recognized for its uniqueness and utility. Hypertensive disorders remain one the major causes of maternal and fetal morbidity and death. It is also a leading cause of preterm birth now known to be a risk factor in remote cardiovascular disease. Despite this the hypertensive disorders remain marginally studied and management is often controversial. The fourth edition of Chesley's **Hypertensive Disorders in Pregnancy** focuses on prediction, prevention, and management for clinicians, and is an essential reference text for clinical and basic investigators alike. Differing from other texts devoted to preeclampsia, it covers the whole gamut of high blood pressure, and not just preeclampsia. Features new chapters focusing on recent discoveries in areas such as fetal programming, genomics/proteomics, and angiogenesis Includes extensive updates to chapters on epidemiology, etiological considerations, pathophysiology, prediction, prevention, and management Discusses the emerging roles of metabolic syndrome and obesity and the increasing incidence of preeclampsia Each section overseen by one of the editors; each chapter co-authored by

one of the editors, ensuring coherence throughout book

Prevalence and Etiology Home Blood Pressure Monitoring

The third edition of **Hypertension: A Companion to Braunwald's Heart Disease**, by Drs. George L. Bakris and Matthew Sorrentino, focuses on every aspect of managing and treating patients who suffer from hypertensive disorders. Designed for cardiologists, endocrinologists and nephrologists alike, this expansive, in-depth review boasts expert guidance from contributors worldwide, keeping you abreast of the latest developments from basic science to clinical trials and guidelines. Features expert guidance from worldwide contributors in cardiology, endocrinology, neurology and nephrology. Covers behavior management as an integral part of treatment plans for hypertensives and pre-hypertensives. Covers new developments in epidemiology, pathophysiology, immunology, clinical findings, laboratory testing, invasive and non-invasive testing, risk stratification, clinical decision-making, prognosis, and management. Includes chapters on hot topics such as hypertension as an immune disease; sleep disorders including sleep apnea, a major cause of hypertension; a novel chapter on environmental pollution and its contribution to endothelial dysfunction, and more! Equips you with the most recent guidelines from the major societies. Updates sourced from the main Braunwald's Heart Disease text. Highlights new combination drug therapies and the management of chronic complications of hypertension.

Hypertension and Cardiovascular Disease in Asia ConferenceSeries

Diabetes and hypertension have evolved as two of the modern day epidemics affecting millions of people around the world. These two common co-morbidities lead to substantial increase in cardiovascular disease, the major cause of morbidity and mortality of adults around the world. In **Diabetes and Hypertension: Evaluation and Management**, a panel of renowned experts address a range of critical topics -- from basic concepts in evaluation and management of diabetes and hypertension, such as dietary interventions, to evaluation and management of secondary hypertension in clinical practice. Other chapters focus on high cardiovascular risk populations such as those with coronary heart disease, chronic kidney disease and minority patients. In addition, evolving concepts and new developments in the field are presented in other chapters, such as prevention of type 2 diabetes and the epidemic of sleep apnea and its implication for diabetes and hypertension evaluation and management. An important title covering two of the most troubling disorders of our time, **Diabetes and Hypertension: Evaluation and Management** will provide the busy practitioner with cutting edge knowledge in the field as well as practical information that can translate into better care provided to the high-risk population of diabetics and hypertensive patients.

Hypertension Among Adults in the United States Springer Science & Business Media

Clinical practice related to sleep problems and sleep disorders has been expanding rapidly in the last few years, but scientific research is not keeping pace. Sleep apnea, insomnia, and restless legs syndrome are three examples of very common disorders for which we have little biological information. This new book cuts across a variety of medical disciplines such as neurology, pulmonology, pediatrics, internal medicine, psychiatry, psychology, otolaryngology, and nursing, as well as other medical practices with an interest in the management of sleep pathology. This area of research is not limited to very young and old patients—sleep disorders reach across all ages and ethnicities. **Sleep Disorders and Sleep Deprivation** presents a structured analysis that explores the following: Improving awareness among the general public and health care professionals. Increasing investment in interdisciplinary somnology and sleep medicine research training and mentoring activities. Validating and developing new and existing technologies for diagnosis and treatment. This book will be of interest to those looking to learn more about the enormous public health burden of sleep disorders and sleep deprivation and the strikingly limited capacity of the health care enterprise to identify and treat the majority of individuals suffering from sleep problems.

Journal of Patient Care : volume 4 Oxford University Press, USA

This volume provides a comprehensive overview on developmental origins of health and disease regarding various factors related to the origins of non-communicable diseases (NCDs) from early life. It offers a summary of the impacts of various factors such as epigenetics; gene-environment interaction; ethnic predisposition to NCDs and their risk factors; prenatal factors; fetal programming; maternal weight status and weight gain during pregnancy; type of feeding during infancy; growth pattern during childhood; obesity; stunting; socioeconomic status; dietary and physical activity habits; as well as environmental factors including air pollution and global climate change on the development and progress of NCDs.

Sleep Disorders and Sleep Deprivation CRC Press

As essential nutrients, sodium and potassium contribute to the fundamentals of physiology and pathology of human health and disease. In clinical settings, these are two important blood electrolytes, are frequently measured and influence care decisions. Yet, blood electrolyte concentrations are usually not influenced by dietary intake, as kidney and hormone systems carefully regulate blood values. Over the years, increasing evidence suggests that sodium and potassium intake patterns of children and adults influence long-term population health mostly through complex relationships among dietary intake, blood pressure and cardiovascular health. The public health importance of understanding these relationships, based upon the best available evidence and establishing recommendations to support the development of population clinical practice guidelines and medical care of patients is clear. This report reviews evidence on the relationship between sodium and potassium intakes and indicators of adequacy, toxicity, and chronic disease. It updates the Dietary Reference Intakes (DRIs) using an expanded DRI model that includes consideration of chronic disease endpoints, and outlines research gaps to address the uncertainties identified in the process of deriving the reference values and evaluating public health implications.

The Proceedings of the 1st Seminar The Emerging of Novel Corona Virus, nCov 2020, 11-12 February 2020, Bali, Indonesia Springer Science & Business Media

August 10-11, 2017 | London, UK **Key Topics :** Metabolic Syndrome, Endocrine disorders, Cardiovascular Disorder, Insulin Resistance Syndrome, Pediatric Metabolic Syndrome, Obesity, Diabetes and Metabolism, Oxidative Stress and Inflammation in the Metabolic Syndromes, Nutrition and Metabolic Responses, Diet and Weight Management, Prostate Cancer and Metabolic Syndrome, Genetics of the Metabolic Syndrome, Regulations of Energy Metabolism, Managing stress, Weight loss therapies, Therapies and weight management, Challenges for weight loss therapy, Diet for weight loss, Exercise Metabolic, Industrial invention for Weight loss, Weight Management Economic Assessment Tool, Diabetes Self-Management Tools,

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